Underrepresentation of Black, Latinx, and Indigenous Communities in Medicine & Dermatology

Underrepresented in medicine is a term used to describe racial and ethnic groups that aren't represented in medicine as they are in the general population. The term was coined and defined by the American Association of Medical Colleges.

Matriculants to U.S Medical Schools by Race/ Ethnicity, 2021-2022 ¹

9,573
White only

2,124Black, African American only

1,574Hispanic, Latino,
Spanish Origin only

American Indian, Alaska Native only

Out of 22,647 matriculants

Residents selected into Dermatology in 2021 (US and Canada) ²

804 White only

Black, African American only 98
Hispanic, Latino,
Spanish Origin only

American Indian, Alaska Native only

Out of 1,363 residents

Several factors contribute to the lack of diversity in medical school and dermatology: ³





Decreased awareness of the specialty during medical school



Socioeconomic barriers
associated with the
application process



The lack of diversity in medical education and resources for dermatology training affects the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of skin disorders as they can appear differently on varying skin tones.⁴

Sources

- 1. Table A-9: Matriculants to U.S. MD-granting medical schools by ... AAMC. (n.d.). Retrieved February 17, 2023, from https://www.aamc.org/media/6031/download?attachment
- 2. Table B5. number of active MD residents, by Race/ethnicity (alone or in combination) and GME Specialty. AAMC. (n.d.). Retrieved February 17, 2023, from https://www.aamc.org/data-reports/students-residents/interactive-data/report-residents/2022/table-b5-md-residents-race-ethnicity-and-specialty
- 3. Montañez-Wiscovich, M. E., Brioso Rubio, X., & Torres, A. (2020). Dermatology leadership and a top-down approach to increasing diversity. *Clinics in Dermatology, 38*(3), 316–320. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clindermatol.2020.02.006
- 4. Perlman, K. L., Klein, E. J., & Park, J. H. (2020). Racial disparities in dermatology training: the impact on black patients. *Cutis*, 106(6), 300–301. https://doi.org/10.12788/cutis.0135